

期中考试

November 6, 2019

选择题、简答略

1. 有如下列表，按照要求实现功能。(15 分) List = ['Jack','Tom','Helen']

(1) 计算该列表的长度

```
[35]: List = ['Jack', 'Tom', 'Helen']  
print('序列的长度为: ', len(List))
```

序列的长度为: 3

(2) 列表中追加元素 “Boby”，并输出添加后的列表

```
[36]: List.append('Boby')  
print('增加后的内容是: ', List)
```

增加后的内容是: ['Jack', 'Tom', 'Helen', 'Boby']

(3) 在列表的第 3 个位置插入元素 “Liuli”，并输出添加后的列表

```
[37]: List.insert(2, 'Liuli')  
print('增加后的内容是: ', List)
```

增加后的内容是: ['Jack', 'Tom', 'Liuli', 'Helen', 'Boby']

(4) 删除列表中的第 2 个元素，并输出删除后的列表

```
[38]: List.pop(1)  
# del List[1]  
print('删除后的内容是: ', List)
```

删除后的内容是: ['Jack', 'Liuli', 'Helen', 'Boby']

(5) 将列表中的所有元素反转，并输出反转后的结果

```
[40]: List.reverse()  
print('反转后的内容是: ', List)
```

反转后的内容是: ['Boby', 'Helen', 'Liuli', 'Jack']

2. 根据要求建立数组，并进行相应操作

(1) 建立一个 4×6 的二维数组 arr1，其中的值为 1~99 之间（含 99）的随机数。

```
[42]: import numpy as np
```

```
[47]: arr1=np.random.randint(1,100,24).reshape(4,6)
print(arr1)
```

```
[[74 73 42 12 91 87]
 [68  9 82 35 53 12]
 [95 71 84  1 14 45]
 [79 24 25 79 33  5]]
```

(2) 在 1-50 之间建立一个等差序列的数组 arr2, 长度为 24, 建立完成后将其转成 4×6 的二维数组。

```
[49]: arr2 = np.linspace(1,50,24).reshape(4,6)
print(arr2)
```

```
[[ 1.          3.13043478  5.26086957  7.39130435  9.52173913 11.65217391]
 [13.7826087  15.91304348 18.04347826 20.17391304 22.30434783 24.43478261]
 [26.56521739 28.69565217 30.82608696 32.95652174 35.08695652 37.2173913 ]
 [39.34782609 41.47826087 43.60869565 45.73913043 47.86956522 50.          ]]
```

(3) 对 arr1、arr2 进行水平和垂直堆叠, 对堆叠后的结果进行输出。

```
[52]: print(np.vstack((arr1,arr2)))
```

```
[[74.          73.          42.          12.          91.          87.          ]
 [68.           9.          82.          35.          53.          12.          ]
 [95.          71.          84.           1.          14.          45.          ]
 [79.          24.          25.          79.          33.           5.          ]
 [ 1.          3.13043478  5.26086957  7.39130435  9.52173913 11.65217391]
 [13.7826087  15.91304348 18.04347826 20.17391304 22.30434783 24.43478261]
 [26.56521739 28.69565217 30.82608696 32.95652174 35.08695652 37.2173913 ]
 [39.34782609 41.47826087 43.60869565 45.73913043 47.86956522 50.          ]]
```

```
[53]: print(np.hstack((arr1,arr2)))
```

```
[[74.          73.          42.          12.          91.          87.
   1.          3.13043478  5.26086957  7.39130435  9.52173913 11.65217391]
 [68.           9.          82.          35.          53.          12.
 13.7826087  15.91304348 18.04347826 20.17391304 22.30434783 24.43478261]
 [95.          71.          84.           1.          14.          45.
 26.56521739 28.69565217 30.82608696 32.95652174 35.08695652 37.2173913 ]
 [79.          24.          25.          79.          33.           5.
 39.34782609 41.47826087 43.60869565 45.73913043 47.86956522 50.          ]]
```

(4) 对 arr1 和 arr2 进行加法操作, 对生成的新数组进行乘积操作。

```
[54]: print(arr1+arr2)
```

```
[[ 75.          76.13043478  47.26086957  19.39130435 100.52173913
  98.65217391]
```

```
[ 81.7826087  24.91304348 100.04347826  55.17391304  75.30434783
 36.43478261]
[121.56521739  99.69565217 114.82608696  33.95652174  49.08695652
 82.2173913 ]
[118.34782609  65.47826087  68.60869565 124.73913043  80.86956522
 55.          ]]
```

```
[55]: print(arr1*arr2)
```

```
[[ 74.          228.52173913  220.95652174   88.69565217  866.47826087
 1013.73913043]
 [ 937.2173913  143.2173913  1479.56521739  706.08695652 1182.13043478
 293.2173913 ]
 [2523.69565217 2037.39130435 2589.39130435   32.95652174  491.2173913
 1674.7826087 ]
 [3108.47826087  995.47826087 1090.2173913  3613.39130435 1579.69565217
 250.          ]]
```

(5) 对 arr1 数组进行横向排序, 对 arr2 数组进行纵向排序。

```
[62]: arr1.sort(axis=1)
print(arr1)
```

```
[[12 42 73 74 87 91]
 [ 9 12 35 53 68 82]
 [ 1 14 45 71 84 95]
 [ 5 24 25 33 79 79]]
```

```
[63]: arr2.sort(axis=0)
print(arr2)
```

```
[[ 1.          3.13043478  5.26086957  7.39130435  9.52173913 11.65217391]
 [13.7826087  15.91304348 18.04347826 20.17391304 22.30434783 24.43478261]
 [26.56521739 28.69565217 30.82608696 32.95652174 35.08695652 37.2173913 ]
 [39.34782609 41.47826087 43.60869565 45.73913043 47.86956522 50.          ]]
```

3. 请模拟读取文件 “price.csv” (5 分), 并对该文件内容进行以下操作:

(1) 对文件内容进行排序 (3 分)

```
[65]: data = np.loadtxt('数据集/模块 3/price.csv')
data.sort()
print(data)
```

```
[ 3.81  3.81  3.81  3.81  3.81  3.81  3.81  3.81  3.81
 3.81  3.81  3.81  3.81  3.81  3.81  3.81  3.81  3.81
 3.81  5.    5.    5.    5.    5.    5.    5.    5.
 5.    5.    5.    5.    5.    5.    5.    5.    5.
 5.    5.    5.    5.    6.1  6.1  6.1  6.1  6.1
 7.62  7.62  7.62  7.62  8.    8.    8.    8.    8.]
```

```

8.      8.      8.      10.     10.     10.     10.     15.     16.99
17.3   17.99  19.7   20.     23.3   23.6   25.9   26.39  26.6
27.    27.    27.6   29.3   29.4   29.99  29.99  30.     30.
30.    30.6   30.8   31.29  31.6   31.8   32.5   33.1   33.4
34.6   35.     36.     36.     36.8   37.4   38.6   38.7   38.7
38.7   38.7   38.7   38.7   38.7   38.7   38.7   38.7   38.7
38.7   38.7   38.7   38.7   38.7   39.     39.2   39.2   39.8
39.99  40.     40.1   40.9   41.06  41.2   43.5   43.5   45.
46.5   46.5   46.6   46.6   46.6   46.6   46.6   46.6   46.6
46.6   46.6   47.1   47.4   47.4   47.4   47.6   48.     49.
49.8   50.2   50.4   51.     51.3   51.3   52.2   52.6   53.04
53.7   53.7   54.     54.     54.4   54.4   54.5   54.5   54.5
54.5   54.5   54.5   54.5   54.5   54.5   54.5   54.5   54.5
56.3   58.4   58.5   59.2   59.2   59.3   60.     60.5   61.6
61.6   62.4   62.4   62.4   62.4   62.4   62.4   62.4   62.4
62.4   62.4   62.4   62.4   62.4   62.4   62.4   62.4   62.4
63.    63.    63.2   63.2   63.9   64.3   64.7   67.1   67.4
69.1   70.3   70.3   70.3   70.8   70.9   71.1   71.8   72.6
72.7   75.    77.4   78.     78.2   79.     79.     85.     85.3
86.9   88.     88.     89.     89.6   94.     94.     94.8   95.
98.    98.7   101.1  101.1  101.1  101.1  101.1  101.1  101.1
101.9  109.    109.    109.    109.8  109.8  118.5  118.5  118.5
126.4  132.7  144.71 150.    150.1  150.1  155.9  158.    164.38
171.   178.   178.   188.   188.   189.6  189.6  189.6  189.6
189.6  189.6  200.   209.5  211.7  219.6  237.   237.   237.
258.8  271.   278.   290.7  300.   300.   300.   314.4  349.
398.   405.   417.6  454.   500.   505.   540.   566.7  620.
734.   1198.  1278.2 ]

```

(2) 去除读取对象中重复内容 (3 分)

```
[67]: np.unique(data)
```

```

[67]: array([ 3.81,  5.   ,  6.1 ,  7.62,  8.   , 10.   , 15.   ,
            16.99, 17.3 , 17.99, 19.7 , 20.   , 23.3 , 23.6 ,
            25.9 , 26.39, 26.6 , 27.   , 27.6 , 29.3 , 29.4 ,
            29.99, 30.   , 30.6 , 30.8 , 31.29, 31.6 , 31.8 ,
            32.5 , 33.1 , 33.4 , 34.6 , 35.   , 36.   , 36.8 ,
            37.4 , 38.6 , 38.7 , 39.   , 39.2 , 39.8 , 39.99,
            40.   , 40.1 , 40.9 , 41.06, 41.2 , 43.5 , 45.   ,
            46.5 , 46.6 , 47.1 , 47.4 , 47.6 , 48.   , 49.   ,
            49.8 , 50.2 , 50.4 , 51.   , 51.3 , 52.2 , 52.6 ,
            53.04, 53.7 , 54.   , 54.4 , 54.5 , 56.3 , 58.4 ,
            58.5 , 59.2 , 59.3 , 60.   , 60.5 , 61.6 , 62.4 ,
            63.   , 63.2 , 63.9 , 64.3 , 64.7 , 67.1 , 67.4 ,
            69.1 , 70.3 , 70.8 , 70.9 , 71.1 , 71.8 , 72.6 ,
            72.7 , 75.   , 77.4 , 78.   , 78.2 , 79.   , 85.   ,
            85.3 , 86.9 , 88.   , 89.   , 89.6 , 94.   , 94.8 ,

```

```
95. , 98. , 98.7 , 101.1 , 101.9 , 109. , 109.8 ,  
118.5 , 126.4 , 132.7 , 144.71, 150. , 150.1 , 155.9 ,  
158. , 164.38, 171. , 178. , 188. , 189.6 , 200. ,  
209.5 , 211.7 , 219.6 , 237. , 258.8 , 271. , 278. ,  
290.7 , 300. , 314.4 , 349. , 398. , 405. , 417.6 ,  
454. , 500. , 505. , 540. , 566.7 , 620. , 734. ,  
1198. , 1278.2 ])
```

(3) 对对象中的数值进行求和与均值 (3 分)

```
[68]: data.sum()
```

```
[68]: 26325.69
```

```
[69]: data.mean()
```

```
[69]: 87.75229999999999
```

(4) 对对象中的数值求标准差与方差 (3 分)

```
[71]: data.std()
```

```
[71]: 140.61673711799034
```

```
[72]: data.var()
```

```
[72]: 19773.066757710003
```

(5) 对对象中的数值求最大值与最小值 (3 分)

```
[73]: data.max()
```

```
[73]: 1278.2
```

```
[74]: data.min()
```

```
[74]: 3.81
```

```
[ ]:
```